## Cost Estimate Breakdown Alternative C

Range of Capital Cost (\$1,000,000s)

1.	Demand Management Elements	900 to 1,700 <sup>1,2</sup>
	<ul> <li>Drought Period Ag Land Fallowing<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Permanent Ag Land Retirement<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Urban water conservation beyond BMPs<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Ag water conservation beyond EWMPs<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Reclamation<sup>2</sup></li> </ul>	
2.	Through Delta Channel Capacity Improvements	80 to 150
3.	Isolated Conveyance Facility	950 to 1,275
4.	Surface Storage 0.5 to 1.0 maf offstream North of Delta 0.5 to 1.0 maf offstream South of Delta	1,150 to 2,150 <sup>3</sup>
5.	Conjunctive Use & GW Banking	50 to 75
6.	Water Quality Actions	250 to 450 <sup>2</sup>

- Dilution of San Joaquin River Drainage
- Construct wetlands to treat Ag Drainage
- Manage urban stormwater runoff<sup>2</sup>
- Manage mine drainage<sup>2</sup> (local agency contributions to offset NPDES requirements)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Programs can be designed to have internally generated financing after initial "seed money," generally internal to individual water Districts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Programs funded in large part by local agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Portions of offstream storage can be designed to be partly dedicated (and may be cost allocated) to ecosystem quality.

7. Bay & Delta Habitat Restoration

850 to 1,600<sup>4</sup>

- Habitat restoration in Bay and Delta
- San Joaquin River Improvements<sup>4</sup>
- Obtain Water for the Environment<sup>4</sup>
- Fish Passage Improvements<sup>4</sup>
- Real Time Monitoring of Fish Migration<sup>4</sup>
- Fish Screens on Diversions<sup>4</sup>
- Store Water for the Environment<sup>4</sup>
- 8. Upper Sacramento River Restoration

350 to 7004

9. Levee and Channel Work

 $1,070 \text{ to } 2,000^{5}$ 

- Critical levee stabilization
- Levee maintenance funding
- Emergency response funding

Total

\$5,650 to 10,100

Note: Work is "in-progress" to allocate costs between ecosystem restoration, water supply, water quality, and levee and channel work. In the case of the first three resources identified above, cost allocations may be a function of the adopted operational criteria.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Programs have funding sources outside the CALFED Bay-Delta Program. (CVPIA, SJRMP, SB 1086, other on-going programs, etc.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Approximately 50 to 65% of levee and channel work costs are related to habitat restoration actions associated with the levee stabilization work.